-Economics: Principles in Action, chapter 1 - 19 Questions

9 Matching Questions

1.	Why is physical capital important?	a	It saves people and companies money (ex: buildings protect people, tools help you work faster)
2.	needs	ь	They use their schooling to provide services
3.	labor	, -	•
4.	production possibilities frontier	C	natural resources that are used to make goods and services
5.	goods	d	actions or activities one person performs for another
	•	е	essentials for living (food, shelter)
6.	Goods are	_	-thurst-old this sector of the
7.	Services are	t	physical objects (shoes and shirts)
8.	How are doctors an example of human capital?	g	the effort that people devote to a task for which they are paid
9	land	h	lines of a production possibilities graph that shows maximum possible output
	•	i	physical objects
O Multiple Chaire O continue			

10 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. ambitious leader who combines land, labor, and capital to create and market new goods and services
 - a. needs
 - b. entrepreneur
 - c. efficiency
 - d. trade-off
- 2. to an economist, the alternative that is given up because of a decision
 - a. land
 - b. wants
 - c. want
 - d. cost
- 3. a phrase that refers to the trade-offs that nations face when choosing whether to produce more, or less military or consumer goods
 - a. Goods are
 - b. shortage
 - c, cost
 - -d. guns of butter
- 4. land, labor, and capital: the three groups of resources that are used to make all goods and services
 - a. underutilization
 - b. guns of butter
 - c. Natural resources
 - d. factors of production
- 5. an alternative that we sacrifice when we make a decision
 - a. Goods are
 - b. need
 - c. labor
 - d. trade-off
- 6. capital (physical capital)

- a. repairing a tv is an example of which F.O.P.?
- b. land for farming is an example of which F.O.P.?
- c. medical aid from a doctor is an example of which F.O.P.?
- d. Buildings are examples of which F.O.P.?

7. an item that we desire but is not essential for survival

- a. cost
- b. wants
- c. land
- d. want

8. something that is necessary for survival

- a. needs
- b. land
- c. need
- d. want

9. land

- a. medical aid from a doctor is an example of which F.O.P.?
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- c. land for farming is an example of which F.O.P.?
- d. Buildings are examples of which F.O.P.?

10. materials found in nature

- a. trade-off
- b. entrepreneur
- c. Natural resources
- d. services